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1) A(-7, 4) B(3, -1) C(6, 1) D(k, -15)

a) Gradient of AB.

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 4}{3 - (-7)} = \frac{-5}{10} = -\frac{1}{2} \checkmark$$

b) find equation of AB

$$\begin{aligned} y_2 - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - (-1) &= -\frac{1}{2}(x - 3) \\ y + 1 &= -\frac{1}{2}(x - 3) \checkmark \\ 2(y + 1) &= -x + 3 \\ 2y + 1 &= -x + 3 \\ 2y + 1 - 3 &= -x \checkmark \\ 2y - 2 + x &= 0 \\ 2y - 1 + x &= 0 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

c) find length of AB.

$$\begin{aligned} AB &= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(4 - (-1))^2 + (-7 - 3)^2} \checkmark \\ &= \sqrt{(5)^2 + (-10)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{25 + 100} \\ &= \sqrt{125} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

d) $\left(\frac{-7 + 3}{2}, \frac{4 + (-1)}{2} \right) \checkmark$

-2, 1.5 \checkmark

Gradient of line

Gradient of line

e) $AB = -1/2$

$CD = 2$

$$2 = \frac{1 - -15}{b - k} \quad \checkmark$$

$$2 = \frac{16}{b - k} \quad \checkmark$$

$$k = -2 \quad \checkmark$$